

[0068] As an example, icons associated with types of functionality may be presented on a driver side (e.g., along a left side from a top to a bottom of the display). Thus, the driver may easily access these icons. Upon selection of an icon, a menu or user interface associated with the icon may be presented on the driver side. In contrast, the unified user interface may present the icons on a passenger side. Upon selection of an icon, a menu or user interface associated with the icon may be presented on the passenger side.

[0069] As will be described, in some embodiments the unified user interface may update based on whether a driver or passenger is interacting, or is going to interact, with the unified user interface. For example, a system or processor may identify whether a driver or passenger is interacting with, or is about to interact with, the unified user interface. The system may optionally obtain information from infrared emitters or projectors. These may indicate whether an end-user's hands are reaching the unified user interface from a particular side of a display. The unified user interface may thus update based on the particular side after detection of the user's hand moving towards the display. The system may optionally obtain information based on one or more cameras positioned inside the vehicle. For example, the system may analyze video or images to determine whether a driver or passenger is using, or is going to use, the unified user interface.

[0070] The above embodiments of the unified user interface, and other embodiments, are described in more detail below.

[0071] Example Block Diagrams

[0072] FIG. 1A illustrates a block diagram of an example contextual user interface system 100 causing presentation of a user interface 102 (e.g., the unified user interface described herein). The contextual user interface system 100 may be a system of one or more processors, an application specific integrated circuit, and so on. The contextual user interface system 100 may be included in a vehicle, such as an electric vehicle, and may cause a display to present the user interface 102. The display may be, for example, a touch-sensitive display included in a front portion of the vehicle. For example, the display may be included in a central front portion of the vehicle.

[0073] The contextual user interface system 100 may receive user input 104 provided by a user of the user interface 102. Example user input 104 may include touch-based user input, verbal commands, and so on. In this way, the user of the user interface 102 may interact with the user interface 102. For example, the user may provide user input 104 to operate different aspects of the vehicle. In this example, the user may select from among icons 108A-108H. Each icon may enable control of a type of vehicle functionality. For example, icon 108A may enable control of certain driving functionality (e.g., control of steering sensitivity, acceleration characteristics, and so on). As another example, icon 108H may enable control of a music streaming application.

[0074] Thus, the contextual user interface system 100 may output vehicle operation information 106. For example, the information 106 may be provided to a system, module, application, and so on, which adjusts operation of the vehicle. As an example, the user may adjust a steering sensitivity. This vehicle operation information 106 may

therefore reflect the adjustment, such that a system, module, software, application, associated with control of steering may be updated accordingly.

[0075] As illustrated, the user interface 102 includes an autonomous visualization (e.g., a graphical depiction 110A of a vehicle) along with map information 110B in a combined view. As described above, the graphical depiction 110A may reflect real-time operation information associated with the vehicle. For example, if the vehicle's lights are on, the graphical depiction 110A may be updated to present the lights being on. The map information 110B may represent a map proximate to a location of the vehicle. As will be described, this map information may be updated according to a current context associated with operation of the vehicle. For example, as the vehicle is being driven, the map may optionally zoom in to present a driving view. As another example, during navigation the map may optionally indicate a route the vehicle is to follow.

[0076] In some embodiments, the map information 110B may be used, at least in part, to render the autonomous visualization. For example, the autonomous visualization may include a graphical representation of an external (e.g., real-world environment) about the vehicle. In this example, sensor information (e.g., images from image sensors) may be analyzed by the system 100, or another processor or system in the vehicle, to render the graphical representation. The map information may be used to determine physical features or characteristics of the external environment. For example, a number of lanes may be identified based on the map information. As another example, roundabouts, upcoming lane movements or changes, upcoming highway interchanges, and so on, may be identified. In some embodiments, these physical features or characteristics may be used to inform the generation of the autonomous visualization. For example, the autonomous visualization may include a precise path of portions of the road which are upcoming and which may not be yet visible or which may be occluded. As another example, the combined view may be zoomed out, or translated, and the map information may inform generation of the autonomous visualization. For example, if a user adjusts the combined view to be translated forward one mile, or zoomed upward, then these portions of the external environment may not yet be visible. Advantageously, the map information may be used to render their appearance. For example, representations of buildings, and so on, may be included in the combined view based on the map information.

[0077] In FIG. 1A, the user interface 102 is presenting a navigation user interface 112. This interface may be usable by the user to indicate a location at which the user is to navigate. Advantageously, this navigation user interface 112 is positioned such that it does not occlude the combined view 110A-110B described above. Additionally, the navigation user interface 112 may be positioned on a driver side so the driver may easily interact with the user interface 112.

[0078] FIG. 1B illustrates a block diagram of the example contextual user interface system 100 presenting an updated user interface 102 based on received user input 104. In the illustrated embodiment, the user of the user interface 102 has provided user input 104 to enable navigation to a location. Thus, the navigation user interface 112 has updated to specify directions towards the location. Additionally, a route